



# Cambridge International AS & A Level

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## PHYSICS

9702/31

Paper 3 Advanced Practical Skills 1

October/November 2024

2 hours

You must answer on the question paper.

You will need: The materials and apparatus listed in the confidential instructions

### INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer **all** questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do **not** write on any bar codes.
- You will be allowed to work with the apparatus for a maximum of 1 hour for each question.
- You should record all your observations in the spaces provided in the question paper as soon as these observations are made.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

### INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [ ].

### For Examiner's Use

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| 1            |  |
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 This document has **16** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



You may not need to use all of the materials provided.

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1 In this experiment, you will investigate the equilibrium position of a wooden strip.

Some of the apparatus has been set up for you.

(a) • Set up the apparatus as shown in Fig. 1.1.

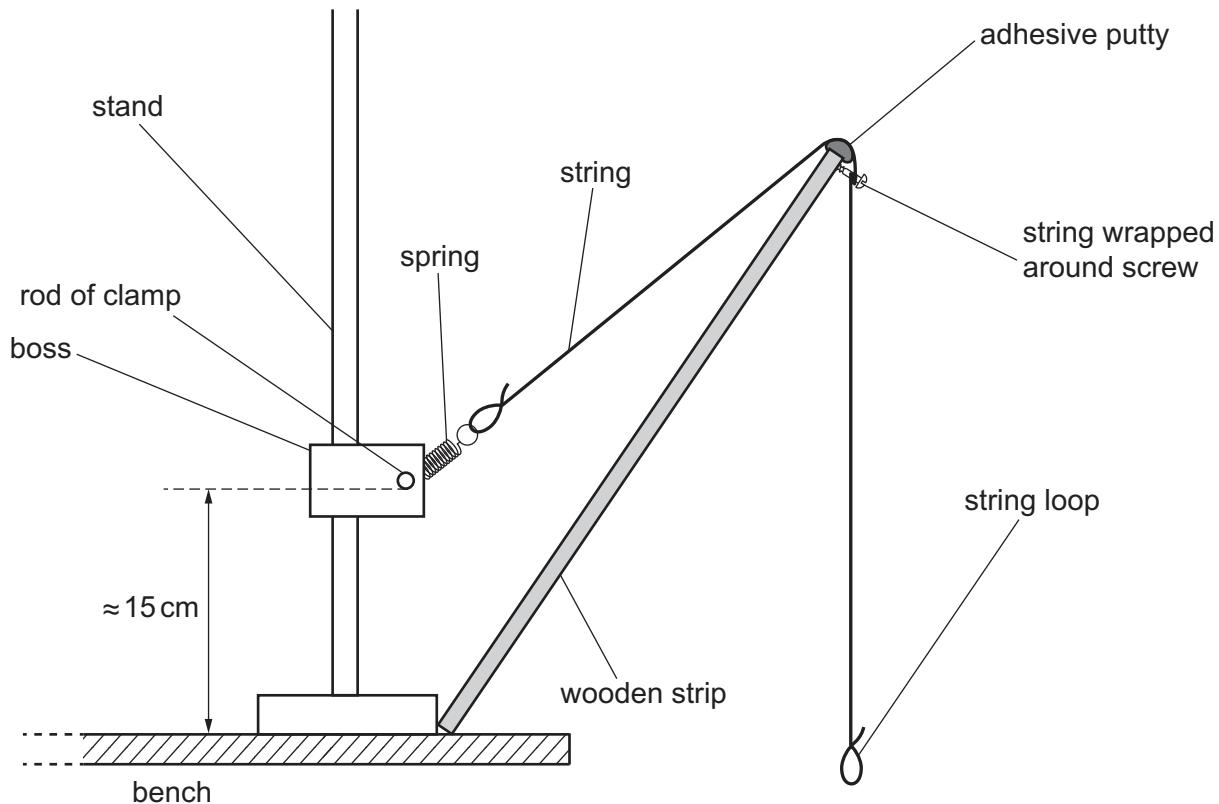


Fig. 1.1

- Ensure the rod of the clamp is approximately 15 cm above the bench.
- Arrange the wooden strip so that the bottom of the strip rests against the base of the stand.
- Use adhesive putty to fix the string centrally on the wooden strip in line with the spring.
- Wrap the string around the screw.

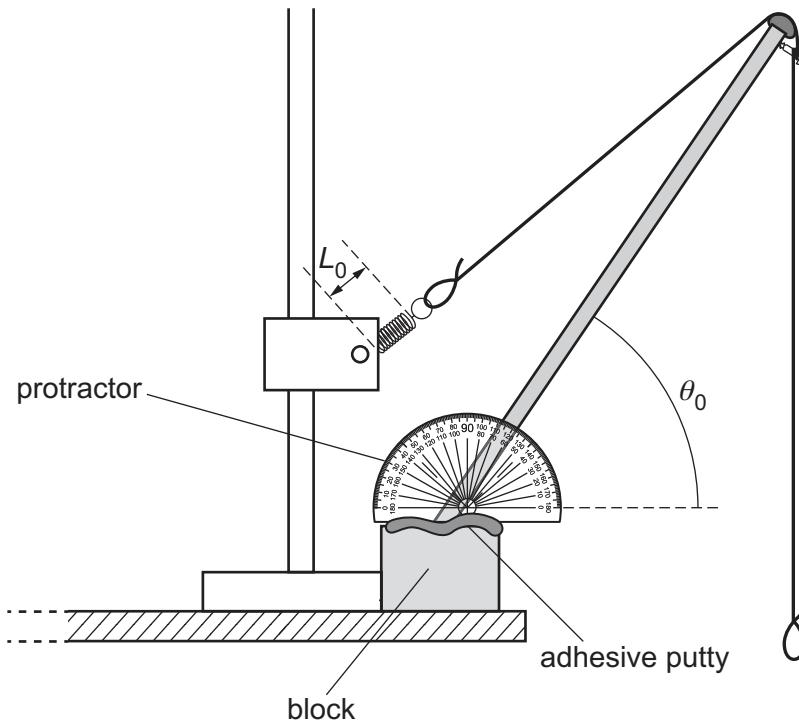
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- Arrange the block and protractor as shown in Fig. 1.2.



**Fig. 1.2**

- The length of the coiled section of the spring is  $L_0$ , as shown in Fig. 1.2.

The angle between the lower edge of the wooden strip and the horizontal is  $\theta_0$ , as shown in Fig. 1.2.

Adjust the apparatus until  $\theta_0$  is between  $75^\circ$  and  $85^\circ$ . You may wish to move the protractor along the block.

- Measure and record  $L_0$  and  $\theta_0$ .

$L_0 = \dots$

$\theta_0 = \dots^\circ$

[1]





(b) • Make a hook from one paper clip and hang nine paper clips from it as shown in Fig. 1.3.

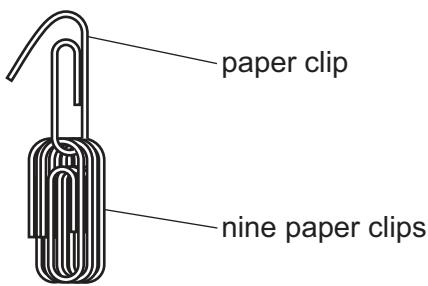


Fig. 1.3

- The mass of all ten paper clips is  $m$ .

Measure and record  $m$ .

$$m = \dots \quad [1]$$

(c) • Using the mass hanger and slotted masses, hang a mass of 40 g from the string loop.  
 • Hang the paper clips from the string loop as shown in Fig. 1.4.

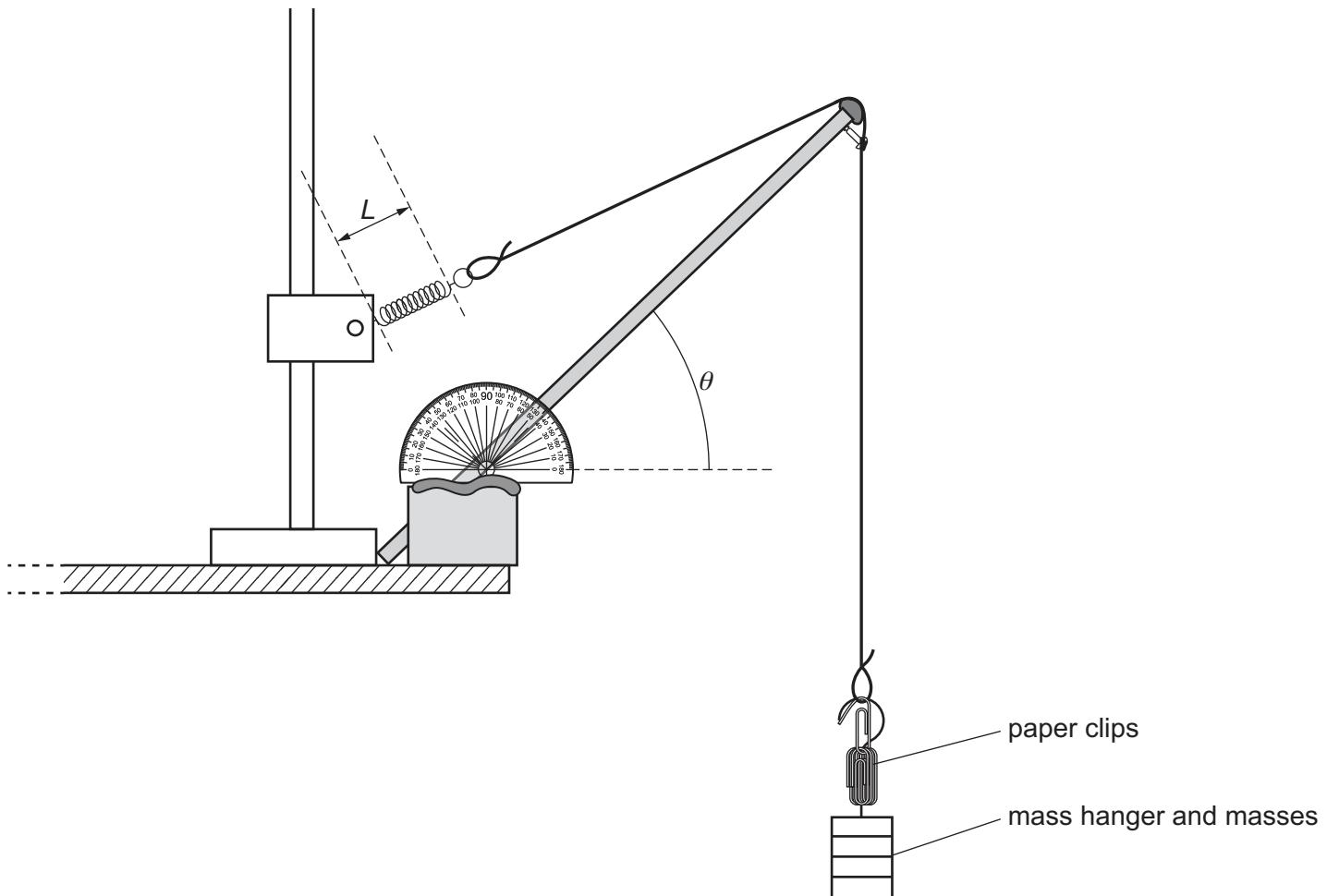


Fig. 1.4





- The total mass hanging from the string loop is  $M$ .

The angle between the wooden strip and the horizontal is  $\theta$ , as shown in Fig. 1.4.

The length of the coiled section of the spring is  $L$ , as shown in Fig. 1.4.

Determine and record  $M$ .

$$M = \dots$$

- Measure and record  $\theta$  and  $L$ .

$$\theta = \dots^\circ$$

$$L = \dots$$

- Calculate  $e$  where

$$e = (L - L_0).$$

$$e = \dots$$

[1]





(d) Vary  $M$ . The total mass  $M$  may be made from slotted masses only or from  $m$  and slotted masses. For each value of  $M$ , measure and record  $M$ ,  $\theta$  and  $L$ . Repeat until you have six sets of values.

Record your results in a table. Include values of  $e$  and  $\sin \theta$  in your table.

(e) (i) Plot a graph of  $e$  on the  $y$ -axis against  $\sin \theta$  on the  $x$ -axis. [3]

(ii) Draw the straight line of best fit. [1]

(iii) Determine the gradient and  $y$ -intercept of this line.

[9]

gradient = .....

$y$ -intercept = .....

[2]



\* 0000800000007 \*



7



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[Turn over]



(f) It is suggested that the quantities  $e$  and  $\theta$  are related by the equation

$$e = P \sin \theta + Q$$

where  $P$  and  $Q$  are constants.

Using your answers in (e)(iii), determine the values of  $P$  and  $Q$ .  
Give appropriate units.

$P = \dots$

$Q = \dots$

[2]

[Total: 20]





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You may not need to use all of the materials provided.

2 In this experiment, you will investigate oscillations.

(a) You have been provided with a board of width  $w$  and thickness  $x$ , as shown in Fig. 2.1.

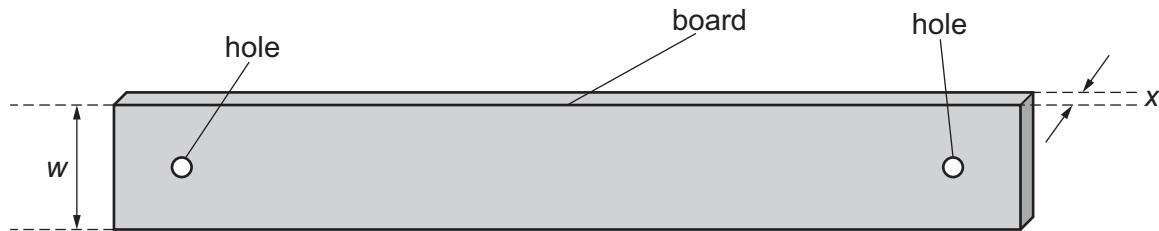


Fig. 2.1 (not to scale)

Measure and record  $w$  and  $x$ .

$w =$  .....

$x =$  .....

[1]

(b) (i) • Set up the apparatus as shown in Fig. 2.2.

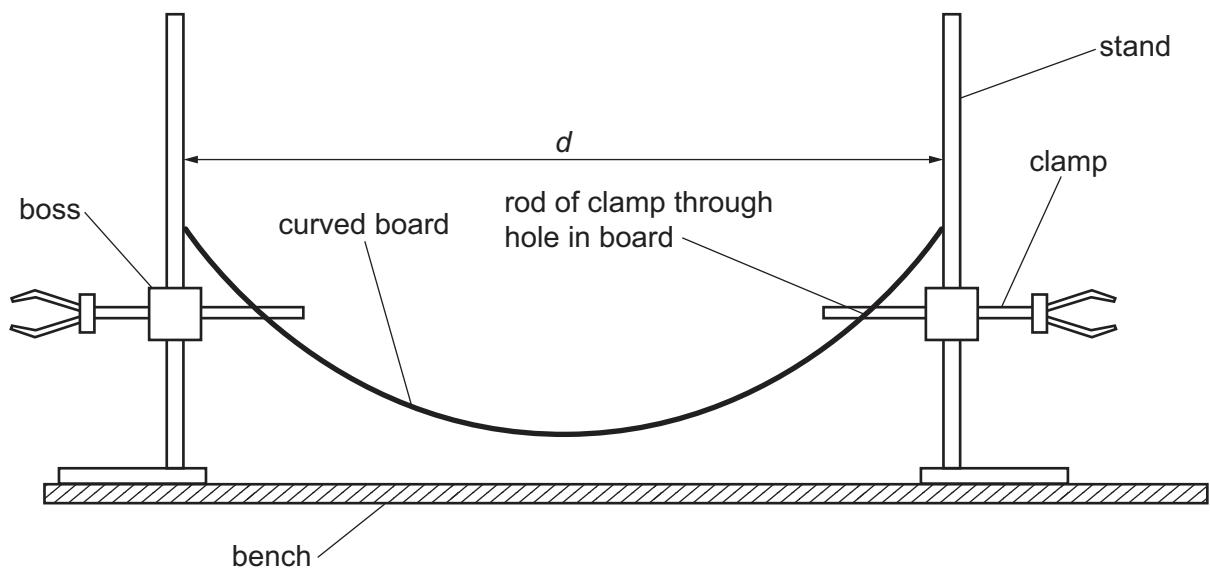


Fig. 2.2

- Ensure the rods of the clamps are the same height above the bench.
- Slide the rods of the clamps through the holes in the board as shown in Fig. 2.2. Ensure that each end of the board touches a stand.





- The distance between the inside edges of the stands is  $d$ , as shown in Fig. 2.2.
- Adjust the apparatus until  $d$  is in the range 92 cm to 99 cm.
- Measure and record  $d$ .

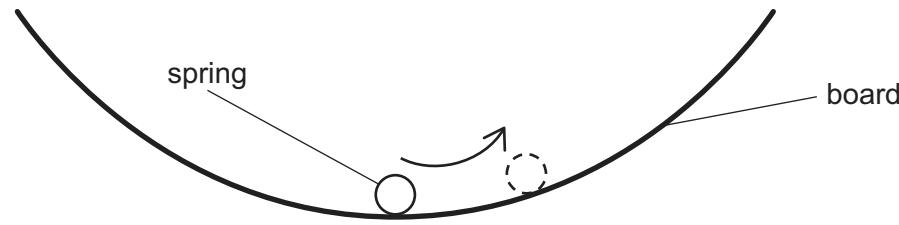
$$d = \dots \text{ cm} \quad [2]$$

(ii) Estimate the percentage uncertainty in your value of  $d$ . Show your working.

$$\text{percentage uncertainty} = \dots \% \quad [1]$$

(c) • Place the spring in the middle of the curved board.

• Displace the spring a short distance to one side, as shown in Fig. 2.3.



**Fig. 2.3**

- Release the spring. The spring will roll from side to side on the board.
- Take measurements to determine the period  $T$  of these oscillations.

$$T = \dots \text{ s} \quad [2]$$





(d) • Adjust the apparatus until  $d$  is in the range 66 cm to 74 cm. Ensure that the board does not touch the bench.

• Measure and record  $d$ .

$d = \dots$  cm

• Repeat (c).

$T = \dots$  s  
[3]

(e) It is suggested that the relationship between  $T$  and  $d$  is

$$(T - a) = kd$$

where  $a$  is 0.70 s and  $k$  is a constant.

(i) Using your data, calculate two values of  $k$ .

first value of  $k = \dots$

second value of  $k = \dots$   
[1]

(ii) Justify the number of significant figures that you have given for your values of  $k$ .

.....  
.....  
.....

[1]





**(f)** It is suggested that the percentage uncertainty in the values of  $k$  is 10%.

Using this uncertainty, explain whether your results support the relationship in **(e)**.

.....

.....

.....

.....

[1]

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(g) (i) Describe **four** sources of uncertainty or limitations of the procedure for this experiment.

For any uncertainties in measurement that you describe, you should state the quantity being measured and a reason for the uncertainty.

1 .....

2 .....

3 .....

4 .....

[4]

(ii) Describe **four** improvements that could be made to this experiment. You may suggest the use of other apparatus or different procedures.

1 .....

2 .....

3 .....

4 .....

[4]

[Total: 20]

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